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would receive consideration under 12 CFR 25.23 as a "qualified investment."

[68 FR 48776, Aug. 15, 2003]

§24.4 Investment limits.

- (a) Limits on aggregate outstanding investments. A national bank's aggregate outstanding investments under this part may not exceed 5 percent of its capital and surplus, unless the bank is at least adequately capitalized and the OCC determines, by written approval of the bank's proposed investment pursuant to §24.5(b), that a higher amount will pose no significant risk to the deposit insurance fund. In no case may a bank's aggregate outstanding investments under this part exceed 10 percent of its capital and surplus. When calculating the aggregate amount of its aggregate outstanding investments under this part, a national bank should follow generally accepted accounting principles, unless otherwise directed or permitted in writing by the OCC for prudential or safety and soundness rea-
- (b) *Limited liability*. A national bank may not make an investment under this part that would expose the bank to unlimited liability.
- [61 FR 49660, Sept. 23, 1996, as amended at 64 FR 70991, Dec. 20, 1999; 68 FR 48776, Aug. 15, 2003]

§24.5 Public welfare investment afterthe-fact notice and prior approval procedures.

- (a) After-the-fact notice of public welfare investments. (1) Subject to §24.4(a), an eligible bank may make an investment authorized by 12 U.S.C. 24 (Eleventh) and this part without prior notification to, or approval by, the OCC if the bank follows the after-the-fact notice procedures described in this section.
- (2) An eligible bank shall provide an after-the-fact notification of an investment, within 10 working days after it makes the investment, to the Director, Community Development Division, Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Washington, DC 20219.
- (3) The bank's after-the-fact-notice must include:
- (i) A description of the bank's investment;
 - (ii) The amount of the investment;

- (iii) The percentage of the bank's capital and surplus represented by the investment that is the subject of the notice and by the bank's aggregate outstanding public welfare investments and commitments, including the investment that is the subject of the notice; and
- (iv) A statement certifying that the investment complies with the requirements of §§ 24.3 and 24.4.
- (4) A bank may satisfy the notice requirements of paragraph (3) of this section by completing form CD-1, attached as Appendix 1 to this part.
- (5) A national bank that is not an eligible bank but that is at least adequately capitalized, and has a composite rating of at least 3 with improving trends under the Uniform Financial Institutions Rating System, may submit a letter to the Community Development Division requesting authority to submit after-the-fact notices of its investments. The Community Development Division considers these requests on a case-by-case basis.
- (6) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a bank may not submit an after-the-fact notice of an investment if:
- (i) The investment involves properties carried on the bank's books as "other real estate owned"; or
- (ii) The OCC determines, in published guidance, that the investment is inappropriate for after-the-fact notice.
- (b) Investments requiring prior approval. (1) If a national bank does not meet the requirements for after-the-fact investment notification set forth in this part, the bank must submit an investment proposal to the Director, Community Development Division, Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Washington, DC 20219. The bank may use form CD-1, attached to this part as Appendix 1, to satisfy this requirement.
- (2) The bank's investment proposal must include:
- (i) A description of the bank's investment;
 - (ii) The amount of the investment;
- (iii) The percentage of the bank's capital and surplus represented by the proposed investment and by the bank's aggregate outstanding public welfare